

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties number:

B-4633

Name:

SAN MARTIN DR. OVER STONY RUN

The bridge referenced herein was inventoried by the Maryland State Highway Administration as part of the Historic Bridge Inventory, and SHA provided the Trust with eligibility determinations in February 2001. The Trust accepted the Historic Bridge Inventory on April 3, 2001. The bridge received the following determination of eligibility.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

Eligibility Recommended ☒ X

Eligibility Not Recommended

Criteria: ☐ A ☐ B ☒ C ☐ D Considerations: ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D ☐ E ☐ F ☐ G ☐ None

Comments:

Reviewer, OPS: Anne E. Bruder

Date: 3 April 2001

Reviewer, NR Program: Peter E. Kurtze

Date: 3 April 2001

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC BRIDGES
HISTORIC BRIDGE INVENTORY
MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION/
MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

MHT No. B-4633

SHA Bridge No. BC 8016

Bridge name San Martin Drive over Stony Run

LOCATION:

Street/Road name and number San Martin Drive

City/town Baltimore City Vicinity

County Baltimore

This bridge projects over: Road Railway Water X Land

Ownership: State County Municipal X Other

HISTORIC STATUS:

Is bridge located within a designated historic district? Yes No X

National Register-listed district National Register-determined-eligible district

Locally-designated district Other

Name of district

BRIDGE TYPE:

Timber Bridge :
Beam Bridge Truss -Covered Trestle Timber-And-Concrete

Stone Arch Bridge

Metal Truss Bridge

Movable Bridge :
Swing Bascule Single Leaf Bascule Multiple Leaf
Vertical Lift Retractable Pontoon

Metal Girder :
Rolled Girder Rolled Girder Concrete Encased
Plate Girder Plate Girder Concrete Encased

Metal Suspension

Metal Arch

Metal Cantilever

Concrete X :
Concrete Arch X Concrete Slab Concrete Beam Rigid Frame

Other Type Name

DESCRIPTION:**Describe Setting**

Bridge BC 8016 carries San Martin Drive over Stony Run in Baltimore City. San Martin Drive runs east-west over the southern flowing Stony Run. The bridge is located on the border between Wyman Park and Johns Hopkins University.

Describe Superstructure and Substructure:

Bridge BC 8016 is a single span filled concrete arch bridge with a stone veneer. The total length of the bridge is 30 feet. The bridge has a rise of approximately 20 feet from springline to the crown. There is a clear roadway width of 29 feet 10 inches, with an overall width of 36 feet 6 inches. The arch barrel has light deterioration, cracking, and efflorescence. There are moderate areas of scale at the base of the abutment. According to a 1995 inspection report, the bridge is in poor condition with a sufficiency rating of 48.1.

The parapets are original. The designers used a closed parapet design faced in stone. Dowels fasten the reinforced concrete panel to the structure. The parapets are 30 feet across both sides of the bridge. Both parapets have random cracks and light scale. Most posts have spalls with surface erosion.

Discuss major Alterations:

A sidewalk was removed between 1980 and 1982, but the bridge has had no other extensive alterations.

HISTORY:

WHEN was bridge built? 1930

WHY was bridge built? Access to Wyman Park

WHO was the designer? Unknown

WHO was the builder? City of Baltimore Department of Public Works

WHY was bridge altered? To widen the driving lanes

Was bridge built as part of an organized bridge-building campaign?

Yes, this bridge was built as part of Baltimore City's efforts to create green spaces.

SURVEYOR/HISTORIAN ANALYSIS:

This bridge may have National Register significance for its association with:

A - Events X B- Person

C- Engineering/architectural character X

This bridge was determined eligible by the Interagency Review Committee in June 1996.

Was bridge constructed in response to significant events in Maryland or local history?

In order to finance Baltimore City's reservoir and park development, a penny park tax was levied on the horsecar system. The horsecar was a box-like car that carried 22 passengers and connected all parts of the city. Mayor Swann successfully instituted a tax to establish a capital base to begin park development in the 1890s. Most of the new parks were developmental street opening that prepared new territory for residential development.

Following the annex of 1888, the city began developing plans to cross the area's extensive waterways. The city adopted a policy of expensive permanent bridges rather than timber trestles. The city would be connected by a series of parks within the stream valley, Gwynns Falls, the Jones Falls, Herring Run, and the Patapsco were to be connected by parkways or landscaped drives through the smaller stream valleys. San Martin Drive was one of the parkways.

When the bridge was built and/or given a major alteration, did it have a significant impact on the growth & development of the area?

No, by the time this bridge was built, the area was already established as a park and the Johns Hopkins campus.

Is the bridge located in an area that may be eligible for historic designation?

Yes, the bridge is located in Wymans Park, which may be eligible for historic designation as a part of the early park-system in Baltimore.

Is the bridge a significant example of its type?

Yes, this bridge is a significant example of a stone-faced concrete arch bridge. The bridge represents Baltimore City's use of long lasting materials and the development of large-scale infrastructure projects based on the use of the city's green spaces.

Does bridge retain integrity of important elements described in Context Addendum?

Yes, the bridge retains its stone-faced parapets, spandrel walls, and wingwalls. The bridge is in good condition.

Is bridge a significant example of work of manufacturer, designer and/or engineer?

Yes, this is a significant example a stone-veneer concrete arch bridge built by the City of Baltimore Department of Public Works.

Should bridge be given further study before significance analysis is made?

Yes, this bridge may be given further study in order to determine its relation to the City's parkland movement.

BIBLIOGRAPHY:

County inspection/bridge files _____ SHA inspection/bridge files _____ Other (list):

Baltimore City Bridge Reports

State Roads Commission Report

SURVEYOR/SURVEY INFORMATION:

Date bridge recorded June 1996

Name of surveyor Stacie Webb

Organization/Address State Highway Administration, 707 North Calvert Street, Baltimore, MD

Phone number 410-545-8559

Edited by P.A.C. Spero & Company, December 1997

Maryland Historic Highway Bridges

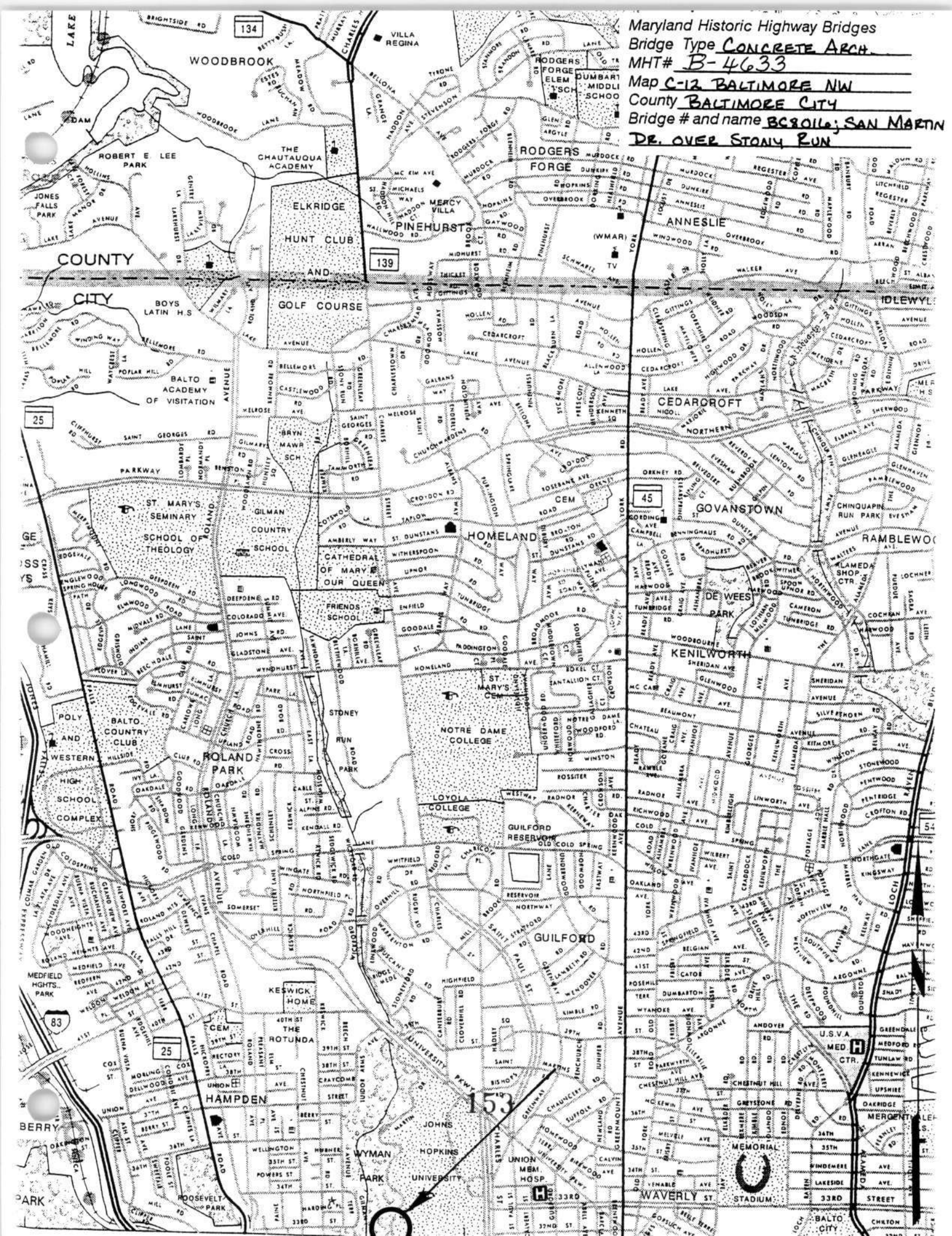
Bridge Type CONCRETE ARCH

MHT# B-4633

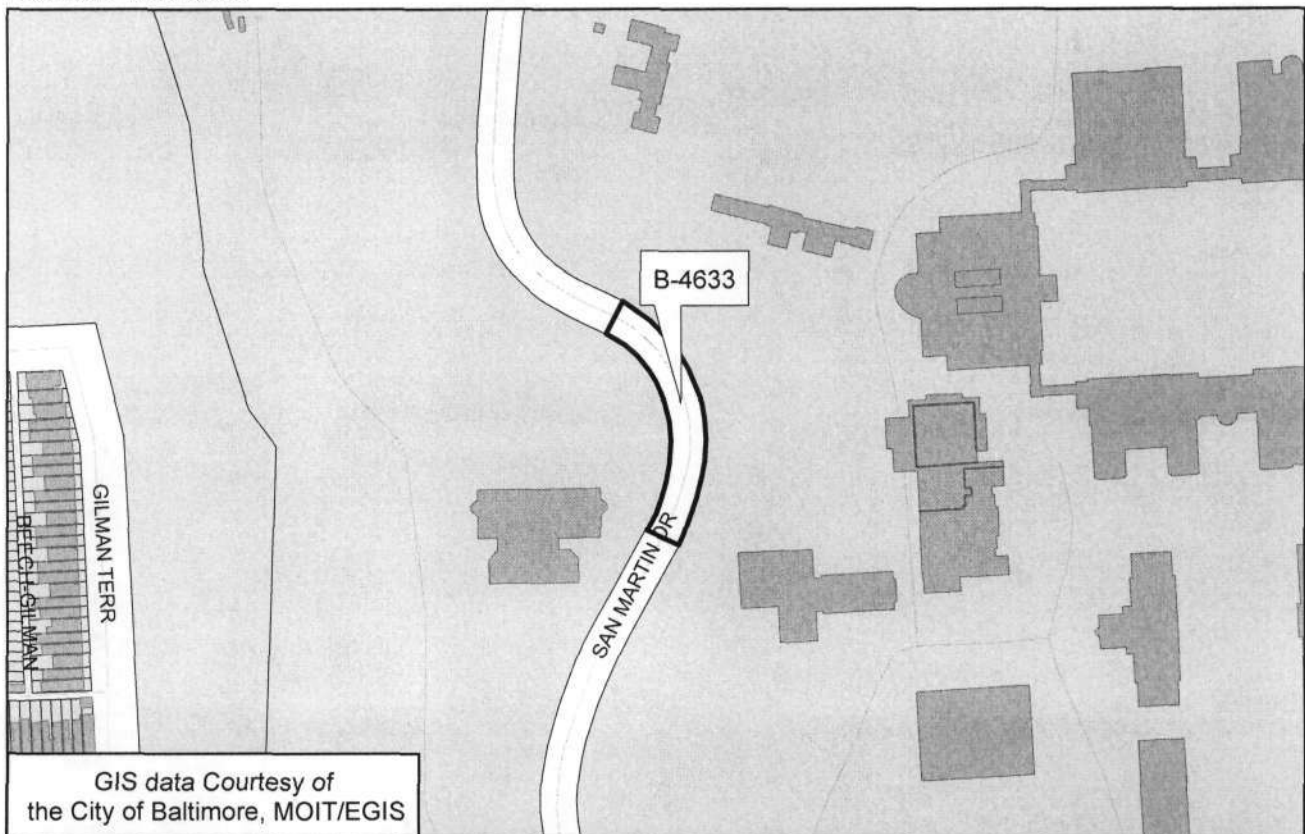
Map C-12 BALTIMORE NW

County BALTIMORE CITY

Bridge # and name BC9016; SAN MARTIN DR. OVER STONY RUN



B-4633
Bridge BC 8016
San Martin Drive over Stony Run
Baltimore City
Baltimore East Quad





Inventory # B-4633

Name 8016- SAN MARTIN DRIVE OVER SONEY RUN

County/State BALTIMORE CITY / MD

Name of Photographer Tim Schen

Date 1/15

Location of Negative SHA

Description SOUTH APPROACH

Number 27 of 37 ⁴

File: krooml257565_4631.tif



Inventory # B-4633

Name B-16 SAN MARTIN DRIVE OVER STONEY

County/State BALTIMORE CITY / MD ^{RUN}

Name of Photographer TIM SCHEN

Date 1/95

Location of Negative SHA

Description EAST ELEVATION

Number 2 of 28 374

11965961221000411



Inventory # B-4633

Name 8016-SAN MARTIN DRIVE OVER STONEY RUN

County/State BALTIMORE CITY/MD

Name of Photographer TIM SCHOEN

Date 1/95

Location of Negative SHA

Description WEST ELEVATION

Number 3 ~~29~~ of 37 ~~4~~

Backroom/287505 4633 B-4633



Inventory # B-4633

Name BD16-SAN MARTIN DRIVE OVER SONEY RUN

County/State BALTIMORE CITY/MD

Name of Photographer TIM SCHON

Date 1/95

Location of Negative SHA

Description NORTH APPROACH

Number 438 of 4

darkroom 055566 4514 14 14 14